

Audited Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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January 26, 2016

To the Board of Education Norwalk City School District Huron County, Ohio 134 Benedict Avenue Norwalk, OH 44857

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Norwalk City School District, Huron County, Ohio, (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash accounting basis Note 2 describes. This responsibility includes determining that the modified cash accounting basis is acceptable for the circumstances. Management is also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Norwalk City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 2 of 3

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Norwalk City School District, Huron County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in modified cash financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting basis described in Note 2.

Accounting Basis

Ohio Administrative Code § 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We draw attention to Note 2 of the financial statements, which describes the basis applied to these statements. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis other than generally accepted accounting principles. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements, during 2015, the School District has elected to change its financial presentation to a modified cash basis comparable to the requirements of *Governmental Accounting Standards*. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, during 2015, the School District adopted new accounting guidance in GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the financial statements taken as a whole.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards schedule presents additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and is also not a required part of the financial statements.

The Schedule is management's responsibility, and derives from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected this schedule to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling this schedule directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, this schedule is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Norwalk City School District Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

Other Information

We applied no procedures to Management's Discussion & Analysis as listed in the table of contents. Accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 26, 2016, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The discussion and analysis of the Norwalk City School District's (the "School District") financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- q In total, net position decreased \$424,068 which represents a 6 percent decrease from 2014.
- **q** Outstanding debt decreased from \$10,235,045 to \$9,698,403 through principal payments made during the current year.
- **q** The School District changed in fiscal year 2015 the reporting basis of accounting from GAAP to modified cash. See Note 17.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the School District as a whole, entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. For fiscal year 2015, the general fund and the bond retirement fund are the School District's most significant funds.

Basis of Accounting

The School District has elected to present its financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting. This modified cash basis of accounting is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and investments and changes in cash and investments resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions.

Essentially, the only assets reported on this strictly cash receipt and disbursement basis presentation in a statement of net position will be cash and investments. The statement of activities reports cash receipts and disbursements, or in other words, the sources and uses of cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, when reviewing the financial information and discussion within this annual report, the reader should keep in mind the limitations resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2015?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question.

These two statements report the School District's *net position* and *changes in net position*. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the *financial position* of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio which restrict receipts growth, facility conditions, required educational programs, and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds include the general fund and the bond retirement fund.

Governmental Funds - Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified cash basis of accounting. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs.

Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the School District's own programs.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The School District as a Whole

Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for fiscal year 2015 compared to 2014.

(Table 1) Net Position – Modified Cash Basis

	Governmental Activities					
	2015	2014 Restated				
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 7,176,803	\$ 7,600,871				
Net Position						
Restricted for:						
Capital Outlay	801,007	1,162,155				
Debt Service	1,479,396	1,465,321				
Set Asides	0	563,736				
Other Purposes	306,167	465,832				
Unrestricted	4,590,233	3,943,827				
Total Net Position	\$ 7,176,803	\$ 7,600,871				

Net position of the governmental activities decreased \$424,068, which represents a 6 percent decrease from fiscal year 2014.

A portion of the School District's net position, \$2,586,570 or 36 percent, represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of the government-wide unrestricted net position of \$4,590,233 may be used to meet the School District's ongoing obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2015. Since this is the first year the School District has prepared financial statements on a modified cash basis, receipt and disbursement comparisons to fiscal year 2014 are not available. The table will present two fiscal years in side-by-side comparisons in successive reporting years. This will enable the reader to draw further conclusion about the School District's financial status and possibly project future problems.

(Table 2) Changes in Net Position – Modified Cash Basis

Changes in Net I osition 19100	Governmental Activities
	2015
	2013
Receipts	
Program Receipts	
-	\$ 1.743.540
Charges for Services and Sales	, , , , , , ,
Operating Grants, Contributions and Interest	4,091,316
Total Program Receipts	5,834,856
General Receipts	
Property Taxes	8,358,309
Income Taxes	1,956,017
Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to	-,,,
Specific Programs	13,495,448
Investment Earnings	30,963
Miscellaneous	274,147
Total General Receipts	24,114,884
Total Receipts	29,949,740
Program Disbursements	
Instruction:	
	11 200 430
Regular	11,399,439
Special	3,603,131
Vocational	124,859
Adult/Continuing	15,311
Other	2,321,563
Support Services:	
Pupils	1,459,311
Instructional Staff	315,185
Board of Education	96,156
Administration	2,105,792
Fiscal	659,199
Business	59,633
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,622,159
Pupil Transportation	794,510
Central	723,985
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	
Food Service Operations	946,692
Community Services	531,417
Extracurricular Activities	823,706
Capital Outlay	746,937
Debt Service:	-,
Principal Retirement	665,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges	359,823
Total Program Disbursements	30,373,808
Change in Net Position	\$ (424,068)
Change in Nei Fusition	φ (424,008)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Governmental Activities

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax receipts and unrestricted State entitlements. Comparisons to 2014 have not been made since they are not available.

(Table 3)
Governmental Activities – Modified Cash Basis

	Tota	al Costs of Services	Net	Costs of Services
		2015		2015
Program Disbursements				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$	11,399,439	\$	10,225,954
Special		3,603,131		953,490
Vocational		124,859		11,970
Adult/Continuing		15,311		918
Other		2,321,563		2,321,563
Support Services:				
Pupils		1,459,311		1,458,796
Instructional Staff		315,185		311,210
Board of Education		96,156		96,156
Administration		2,105,792		2,100,790
Fiscal		659,199		659,199
Business		59,633		59,633
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,622,159		2,622,097
Pupil Transportation		794,510		692,902
Central		723,985		713,185
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:				
Food Service Operations		946,692		61,522
Community Services		531,417		52,640
Extracurricular Activities		823,706		425,167
Capital Outlay		746,937		746,937
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement		665,000		665,000
Interest and Fiscal Charges		359,823		359,823
Total	\$	30,373,808	\$	24,538,952

The dependence upon tax receipts and general receipts entitlements from the state for governmental activities is apparent. Program receipts only account for 19 percent of all governmental disbursements. The community is the largest area of support for the School District students.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified cash basis of accounting.

The School District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,176,803, which is lower than the restated prior year balance of \$7,600,871.

The general fund had total cash receipts of \$25,296,165. The cash disbursements of the general fund totaled \$25,229,914. The general fund's fund balance increased \$66,251 in 2015.

The bond retirement fund had total cash receipts of \$1,063,287 and total cash disbursements of \$1,049,212, for an increase in fund balance of \$14,075 in 2015.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2015, the School District amended its general fund budget. For the general fund, final and original budget basis receipts were \$24,203,299. Actual receipts of \$25,022,652 were \$819,353 higher than the final budget, due to an underestimation of intergovernmental receipts as well as tax receipts and tuition and fees.

For fiscal year 2015, the general fund final budget basis disbursements were \$27,212,074, which is over the original budgeted disbursements of \$26,916,274. Actual disbursements of \$25,406,037 were \$1,806,037 lower than the final budget. Actual instruction, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, administration, and pupil support services disbursements were significantly under budgeted expectations.

Debt Administration

The School District had the following long-term obligations outstanding at June 30, 2015 and 2014.

(Table 4) Outstanding Debt, at June 30

	 Governmental Activities					
	2015		2014			
General Obligation Bonds						
1999 High School Bonds						
Serial Bonds	\$ 140,000	\$	725,000			
2006 Capital Improvement (Refunding)						
Serial Bonds	8,445,000		8,525,000			
Capital Appreciation Bonds	354,989		354,989			
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	 758,414		630,056			
Total	\$ 9,698,403	\$ 1	0,235,045			

For further information regarding the School District's debt, refer to Note 11 of the basic financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Current Issues

Beginning with fiscal year 2009, the School District cash basis disbursements exceeded receipts, which began a period of deficit spending. Between this time and June 30, 2013, the School District's deficit spending ranged from approximately \$1 million to a high of \$2.2 million. In response, the School District exercised a reduction in staffing in fiscal year 2014. As a result, the School District reduced their deficit spending to \$1.6 million at June 30, 2014. In May 2014 voters passed a 4.95 mill emergency levy which is predicted to bring an additional \$1.5 million dollars into the district coffers. The School District would collect just half of the new tax dollars in fiscal year 2015 so the School District imposed further reductions in staff through the attrition process.

House Bill 64, Ohio's Biennial Budget, was signed into law by Governor Kasich on June 30, 2015. The budget includes new investment in education. Governor Kasich vetoed funding guarantees and Tangible Personal Property Replacements for fiscal year 2017. Norwalk City Schools is estimated to receive an additional 7.5 percent of state aid in fiscal year 2016 and an additional 8 percent in fiscal year 2017. The effect of the loss of the TPP replacement is negligible to Norwalk City Schools.

The School District has two union agreements, one with Norwalk Teachers' Association (NTA) and one with OAPSE Local #269. The last contract was settled in September 2011 in which employees received no increase to the base and the medical insurance package was updated to reflect higher premium participation. The contract was extended at its expiration until June 30, 2015. During this period of time employees received step increases, but no annual increases to the base. At the present time negotiations are ongoing with both unions.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Treasurer of Norwalk City School District, 134 Benedict Avenue, Norwalk, OH 44857 or treasurer@norwalktruckers.net.

Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities				
Assets					
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	_\$	7,176,803			
Net Position					
Restricted for:					
Capital Outlay	\$	801,007			
Debt Service		1,479,396			
Other Purposes		306,167			
Unrestricted		4,590,233			
Total Net Position	\$	7,176,803			

Norwalk City School District Huron County, Ohio Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Program (Cash R	eceipts	Rece	(Disbursements) cipts and Changes n Net Position		
	Cash Disbursements		(Charges for Services and Sales	C	Operating Grants, ontributions nd Interest		Governmental Activities		
Governmental Activities										
Instruction:								40.222.024		
Regular	\$	11,399,439	\$	1,046,858	\$	126,627	\$	(10,225,954)		
Special		3,603,131		93,130		2,556,511		(953,490)		
Vocational		124,859		0		112,889		(11,970)		
Adult/Continuing		15,311		0		14,393		(918)		
Other		2,321,563		0		0		(2,321,563)		
Support Services:		1 450 211		0		£1£		(1.459.706)		
Pupils Instructional Staff		1,459,311		0		515 3,975		(1,458,796)		
Board of Education		315,185 96,156		0		3,973		(311,210) (96,156)		
Administration		2,105,792		0		5,002		(2,100,790)		
Fiscal		659,199		0		0		(659,199)		
Business		59,633		0		0		(59,633)		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,622,159		0		62		(2,622,097)		
Pupil Transportation		794,510		31,968		69,640		(692,902)		
Central		723,985		0		10,800		(713,185)		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		,,,		-		,		(,,,		
Food Service Operations		946,692		236,653		648,517		(61,522)		
Community Services		531,417		0		478,777		(52,640)		
Extracurricular Activities		823,706		334,931		63,608		(425,167)		
Capital Outlay		746,937		0		0		(746,937)		
Debt Service:								, , ,		
Principal Retirement		665,000		0		0		(665,000)		
Interest and Fiscal Charges		359,823		0		0		(359,823)		
Totals	\$	30,373,808	\$	1,743,540	\$	4,091,316		(24,538,952)		
	Prope Gen Deb Cap Incon Gen Grant	eral Receipts erty Taxes Levic eral Purposes of Service ital Outlay ne Taxes Levice eral Purposes s and Entitleme	d for: ents no		Specif	ic Programs		7,020,342 928,034 409,933 1,956,017 13,495,448		
		tment Earnings ellaneous						30,963 274,147		
		General Recei						24,114,884		
	Chan	ge in Net Posit	ion				(424,068)			
		ted Net Positio		inning of Year	See N	ote 17)		7,600,871		
	Net P	Position End of	Year				\$	7,176,803		

Statement of Assets and Fund Balances - Modifed Cash Basis Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General	Bond General Retirement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets							
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 4,599,579	\$	1,479,396	\$	1,097,828	\$	7,176,803
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable	\$ 9,346	\$	0	\$	0	\$	9,346
Restricted	0		1,479,396		1,097,828		2,577,224
Committed	17,774		0		0		17,774
Assigned	239,143		0		0		239,143
Unassigned	 4,333,316		0		0		4,333,316
Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,599,579	\$	1,479,396	\$	1,097,828	\$	7,176,803

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		General		Bond Retirement		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Receipts									
Property and Other Local Taxes	\$	7,020,342	\$	928,034	\$	409,933	\$	8,358,309	
Income Taxes		1,956,017		0		0		1,956,017	
Intergovernmental		14,743,334		135,253		2,613,294		17,491,881	
Investment Income		30,963		0		170		31,133	
Tuition and Fees		1,121,891		0		0		1,121,891	
Extracurricular Activities		94,776		0		240,157		334,933	
Gifts and Donations		8,888		0		90,081		98,969	
Charges for Services		12,735		0		236,653		249,388	
Rent		37,330		0		0		37,330	
Miscellaneous		269,889		0		0		269,889	
Total Receipts		25,296,165		1,063,287		3,590,288		29,949,740	
Disbursements Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		11,268,245		0		131,194		11,399,439	
Special		2,311,649		0		1,291,482		3,603,131	
Vocational		124,859		0		0		124,859	
Adult/Continuing		0		0		15,311		15,311	
Other		2,321,563		0		0		2,321,563	
Support Services:		2,321,303		V		O .		2,321,303	
Pupils		1,441,721		0		17,590		1,459,311	
Instructional Staff		308,290		0		6,895		315,185	
Board of Education		96,156		0		0,075		96,156	
Administration		2,100,497		0		5,295		2,105,792	
Fiscal		624,157		24,389		10,653		659,199	
Business		59,633		0		0		59,633	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		2,550,898		0		71,261		2,622,159	
Pupil Transportation		781,710		0		12,800		794,510	
Central		713,185		0		10,800		723,985	
Extracurricular Activities		504,457		0		319,249		823,706	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:		304,437		U		319,249		823,700	
Food Service Operations		0		0		946,692		946,692	
Community Services		22,894		0		508,523		531,417	
Capital Outlay		0		0		746,937		746,937	
Debt Service:		O		Ü		740,737		740,237	
Principal Retirement		0		665,000		0		665,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		0		359,823		0		359,823	
Total Disbursements		25,229,914		1,049,212		4,094,682		30,373,808	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements		66,251		14,075		(504,394)		(424,068)	
Net Change in Fund Balances		66,251		14,075		(504,394)		(424,068)	
Restated Fund Balances Beginning of Year (See Note 17)		4,533,328		1,465,321		1,602,222		7,600,871	
Fund Balances End of Year	\$	4,599,579	\$	1,479,396	\$	1,097,828	\$	7,176,803	

Statement of Receipts, Disbursements and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	 Budgeted Amounts							
	 Original		Final	_	Actual		riance with nal Budget	
Receipts								
Property and Other Local Taxes Income Taxes	\$ 6,894,913 2,007,368	\$	6,894,913 2,007,368	\$	7,020,342 1,956,017	\$	125,429 (51,351)	
Intergovernmental	14,117,473		14,117,473		14,743,334		625,861	
Investment Income	13,967		13,967		30,963		16,996	
Tuition and Fees	954,052		954,052		1,120,745		166,693	
Extracurricular Activities	97,992		97,992		92,589		(5,403)	
Gifts and Donations	1,265		1,265		4,633		3,368	
Charges for Services	14,249		14,249		12,735		(1,514)	
Rent	46,299		46,299		37,330		(8,969)	
Miscellaneous	 55,721		55,721		3,964		(51,757)	
Total Receipts	 24,203,299		24,203,299		25,022,652		819,353	
Disbursements								
Current:								
Instruction:	11 000 701		11 (71 251		11 225 022		246 221	
Regular	11,900,681		11,671,254		11,325,023		346,231	
Special	2,734,171		2,557,880		2,355,590		202,290	
Vocational	125,447		135,353		124,859		10,494	
Adult/Continuing	1,616		1,616		0		1,616	
Other	2,255,854		2,383,809		2,325,563		58,246	
Support Services: Pupils	1,400,992		1,622,040		1,436,088		185,952	
Instructional Staff	361,735		395,701		322,665		73,036	
Board of Education	169,148		108,977		100,156		8,821	
Administration	2,231,839		2,207,621		2,058,780		148,841	
Fiscal	629,472		669,316		626,472		42,844	
Business	69,223		67,704		59,794		7,910	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,716,418		3,060,259		2,573,257		487,002	
Pupil Transportation	1,031,455		964,760		801,612		163,148	
Central	756,431		799,212		766,846		32,366	
Extracurricular Activities	513,047		536,893		506,438		30,455	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:	313,017		330,073		300,130		30,133	
Community Services	16,745		27,679		22,894		4,785	
Capital Outlay	2,000		2,000		0		2,000	
Total Disbursements	 26,916,274		27,212,074		25,406,037		1,806,037	
Excess of Receipts Over (Under) Disbursements	 (2,712,975)		(3,008,775)		(383,385)		2,625,390	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures	123,093		123,093		202,760		79,667	
Refund of Prior Year Receipts	(1,000)		(1,000)		0		1,000	
Other Financing Uses	(137,155)		(155)		0		155	
Advances Out	(100,000)		(97,000)		0		97,000	
Transfers Out	 0		(3,000)		0		3,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (115,062)		21,938		202,760		180,822	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,828,037)		(2,986,837)		(180,625)		2,806,212	
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,240,178		4,240,178		4,240,178		0	
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	 173,966		173,966		173,966		0	
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,586,107	\$	1,427,307	\$	4,233,519	\$	2,806,212	

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2015

	Priv	ate Purpose Trust			
	Sc	holarship	Agency		
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	295,641	\$	67,233	
Net Position Held in Trust for Scholarships Held for Student Activities	\$	295,641	\$	0 67,233	
Total Net Position	\$	295,641	\$	67,233	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis
Private Purpose Trust Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Priva	Private Purpose Trust	
Additions			
Gifts and Contributions	\$	9,125	
Interest		408	
Miscellaneous		53,710	
Total Additions		63,243	
Deductions			
Payments in Accordance with Trust Agreements		9,600	
Change in Net Position		53,643	
Net Position Beginning of Year		241,998	
Net Position End of Year	\$	295,641	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Norwalk City School District (the School District) is a body politic and corporate established for the purpose of exercising the rights and privileges conveyed to it by the constitution and laws of the State of Ohio. The School District is a city school district as defined by Section 3311.04 of the Ohio Revised Code. The School District operates under an elected Board of Education, consisting of five members, and is responsible for providing public education to residents of the School District.

Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is required to be composed of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For the School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and 1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or 2) the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of or provided financial support to the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. The School District has no component units. Management believes the financial statements included in the report represent all of the funds of the School District over which the School District has the ability to exercise direct operating control.

The School District participates in two jointly governed organizations and an insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG), the Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA), and the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 7 and 12 to the basic financial statements. The Norwalk Public Library, a related organization, is presented in Note 13.

Parochial Schools - Within the School District boundaries, the Norwalk Catholic Schools are operated through the Toledo Catholic Diocese. Current State legislation provides funding to these parochial schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the parochial schools by the Treasurer of the School District, as directed by the parochial schools and are accounted for in the auxiliary services fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Accounting

Although Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District's financial report to follow generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School District chooses to prepare its financial statements and notes in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is similar to the cash receipts and disbursements basis of accounting. The School District recognizes receipts when received in cash rather than when earned, and recognizes disbursements when paid rather than when a liability is incurred.

The School District also reports investments as assets, valued at cost basis.

Budgetary presentations report budgetary disbursements when a commitment is made (i.e., when an encumbrance is approved). Differences between disbursements reported in the government-wide and fund financial statements versus budgetary disbursements result from encumbrances outstanding at the beginning and end of the fiscal year.

These statements include adequate disclosure of material matters, in accordance with the basis of accounting described in the preceding paragraph.

B. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

1. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year end. The statement of activities compares disbursements with program receipts for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Disbursements are reported by function. A function is a group of related activities designed to accomplish a major service or regulatory program for which the government is responsible. Program receipts include charges paid by the recipient of the program's goods or services and grants, contributions, and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. General receipts are all receipts not classified as program receipts, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct disbursements with program receipts identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the School District's general receipts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2. Fund Financial Statements

During the fiscal year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, receipts or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- 2. Total assets, receipts or disbursements of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

C. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. The funds of the School District are divided into two categories, governmental and fiduciary.

1. Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the School District are financed. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Bond Retirement Fund – The bond retirement debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term principal, interest and related costs.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed internally or externally.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four categories: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal net position) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency fund accounts for various student managed activities.

D. Budgetary Process

All funds, except agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the certificate of estimated resources, and the appropriations resolution, all of which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amount the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriations resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on cash disbursements plus encumbrances at the level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board at the fund level for all funds. Budgetary allocations at the function and object level within all funds are made by the Treasurer.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the fiscal year if projected increases or decreases in receipts are identified by the Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the certificate of estimated resources when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts on the budgetary statements reflect the amounts on the amended certificate of estimated resources in effect at the time final appropriations were passed by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations cannot exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation resolution for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried forward from prior fiscal years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

E. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through School District records. Interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2015, investments were limited to STAR Ohio, certificates of deposit, a cash fund and federal securities. STAR Ohio is an investment pool, managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's share price, which is the price for which the investment could be sold on June 30, 2015.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The School District also invests in STAR Plus, a federally insured cash account powered by the Federally Insured Cash Account (FICA) program. STAR Plus enables political subdivisions to generate a competitive yield on cash deposits in a network of carefully-selected FDIC-insured banks via a single, convenient account. STAR Plus offers attractive yields with no market or credit risk, weekly liquidity and penalty free withdrawals. All deposits with STAR Plus have full FDIC insurance with no term commitment on deposits.

Following Ohio Statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest receipts credited to the General Fund during fiscal year 2015 were \$30,963, which includes \$11,835 interest assigned from other School District funds.

Investments of the School District's cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as "equity in pooled cash and investments." Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months that were not purchased from the cash management pool are reported as "investments."

F. Property, Plant and Equipment

Acquisitions of property, plant and equipment are recorded as disbursements when paid. The financial statements do not report these assets. Depreciation is not recorded on these capital assets.

G. Compensated Absences

Employees are entitled to cash payments for unused vacation and sick leave in certain circumstances, such as upon leaving employment. Unpaid vacation and sick leave are not reflected as liabilities under the modified cash basis of accounting used by the School District.

H. Long-term Obligations

The School District's modified cash basis financial statements do not report liabilities for bonds and other long-term obligations. Proceeds of debt are reported as other financing sources when cash is received and principal and interest payments are reported as disbursements when paid.

I. Intergovernmental Receipts

Unrestricted intergovernmental receipts received on the basis of entitlement are recorded as receipts when the entitlement is received. Federal and State reimbursement type grants for the acquisition or construction of capital assets are recorded as receipts when the grant is received.

J. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The School District reports disbursements for inventory and prepaid items when paid. These items are not reflected as assets in the accompanying financial statements.

K. Employer Contributions to Cost-Sharing Pension Plans

The School District recognizes disbursements for employer contributions to cost-sharing plans when they are paid. As described in Notes 9 and 10, the employer contributions include portions for pension benefits and for postretirement health care benefits.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

M. Equity Classifications

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

Equity is classified as net position and is displayed in separate components:

- 1. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation adopted by the School District. Net position restricted for other purposes include resources restricted for food service operations, music and athletic programs, and federal and state grants restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. At June 30, 2015, there was no net position restricted by enabling legislation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted."

The School District's policy is to first apply restricted resources when a cash disbursement is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

- a. Non-spendable The non-spendable classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.
- b. Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.
- c. Committed The committed classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the Board of Education. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

- d. Assigned Amounts in the assigned classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Board of Education. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balance. The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget.
- e. Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The School District first applies restricted resources when a disbursement is incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned and then unassigned amounts when disbursements are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

N. Interfund Activity

Transfers within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements.

During the course of normal operations, the School District has numerous transactions between funds. The most significant include:

- 1. Transfers of resources from one fund to another fund through which resources to be expended are recorded as transfers.
- 2. Reimbursements from one fund to another are treated as disbursements/expenses in the reimbursing fund and a reduction in disbursements/expense in the reimbursed fund.

O. Receipts and Disbursements

Program Receipts

In the Statement of Activities, receipts that are derived directly from each activity or from parties outside the School District's taxpayers are reported as program receipts. The School District has the following program receipts: charges for services and sales, operating grants, contributions and interest.

All other governmental receipts are reported as general. All taxes are classified as general receipts even if restricted for a specific purpose.

Disbursements

Governmental activities include the School District's programs and services, including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant (buildings), pupil transportation, extracurricular activities, and food service operations.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

P. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2015.

Q. Implementation of New Accounting Policies

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the School District has implemented (as it pertains to the modified cash basis of accounting) Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

GASB Statement No. 68 requires recognition of the entire net pension liability and a more comprehensive measure of pension expense for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers through pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements. See Note 9 for further information.

GASB Statement No. 69 addresses accounting and financial reporting for government combinations (including mergers, acquisitions and transfers of operations) and disposals of government operations. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 69 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the School District.

GASB Statement No. 71 amends paragraph 137 of GASB Statement No. 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability. The provisions of this Statement are required to be applied simultaneously with the provisions of Statement 68. See Note 9 for further information.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

Ohio Administrative Code, Section 117-2-03 (B) requires the School District to file annual financial reports, which are prepared using generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For fiscal year 2015, the School District prepared financial statements that, although formatted similar to financial statements prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, report on the basis of cash receipts and cash disbursements, rather than GAAP. The accompanying financial statements and notes omit assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. Pursuant to Ohio Rev. Code Section 117.38, the School District may be fined and subject to various other administrative remedies for its failure to file the required financial report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The statement of receipts, disbursements and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (budget basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the modified cash basis are that:

- a. In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of a disbursement; and,
- b. Some funds are included in the general fund (modified cash basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the modified cash basis for the general fund are as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	(General		
Budget basis	\$	(180,625)		
Funds budgeted elsewhere**		12,519		
Adjustment for encumbrances		234,357		
Modified Cash basis	\$	66,251		

^{**} As part of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a modified cash basis. This includes public school support fund, faculty funds, wellness plan fund, uniform school supplies fund and unclaimed monies.

NOTE 5 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the School District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current two year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts.

Protection of School District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, by surety company bonds deposited with the Treasurer by the financial institution or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited with the institution.

Interim monies to be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the market value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 6. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio) and STAR Plus;
- 7. Certain banker's acceptance and commercial paper notes for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days from the purchase date in an amount not to exceed 25 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time; and,
- 8. Under limited circumstances, corporate debt interests rated in either of the two highest classifications by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of School District cash and deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, as well as qualified securities pledged by the institution holding the assets. By law, financial institutions must collateralize all uninsured public deposits. The face value of the pooled collateral must equal at least 105 percent of uninsured public funds deposited. Collateral is held by trustees including the Federal Reserve Bank and designated third party trustees of the financial institutions. During 2015, the School District and public depositories complied with the provisions of these statutes.

Cash on Hand: At year end, the School District had \$50 in undeposited cash on hand which is included on the financial statements as part of equity in pooled cash and investments.

Deposits: At fiscal year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$3,477,107. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, as of June 30, 2015, \$710,735 of the School District's bank balance of \$3,750,316 was exposed to custodial risk as discussed below, while \$3,039,581 was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), which includes \$2,000,602 held in a STAR Plus account.

Investments

Investments are reported at cost. As of June 30, 2015, the School District had the following investments:

Standard & Poor's		Investment Maturities (in months)				%		
Rating	_	Cost		0 - 12		13 - 24		Investments
N/A AAAm AA+	MBS Cash STAROhio Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	\$	5,044 1,808,721 1,000,630	\$	5,044 1,808,721 500,630	\$	0 0 500.000	0.1% 44.6% 24.6%
AA+ AA+ AA+	Federal Farm Credit Bank Federal National Mortgage Association		500,000 748,125		0		500,000 500,000 748,125	12.3% 18.4%
	Totals	\$	4,062,520	\$	2,314,395	\$1	,748,125	100.0%

Interest Rate Risk: The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date of purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Credit Risk: The credit ratings of the School District's investments are listed above. STAR Ohio is an investment pool operated by the Ohio State Treasurer. It is unclassified since it is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Ohio law requires STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The weighted average of maturity of the portfolio held by STAR Ohio as of June 30, 2015, is 53 days. The School District's policy does not address credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in Ohio law that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the Treasurer or qualified trustee.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES AND INCOME TAXES

A. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenue received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State law at 35 percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenue received in calendar 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2015 became a lien December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014 and are collected in 2015 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Huron County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

	2014 Second Half Collections			2015 First Half Collections			
		Amount	Percent	 Amount	Percent		
Real Estate Public Utility Personal Property	\$	300,074,020 11,192,930	96.40% 3.60%	\$ 300,243,490 11,810,410	96.22% 3.78%		
Total Assessed Valuation	\$	311,266,950	100.00%	\$ 312,053,900	100.00%		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$	43.95		\$ 48.90			

B. Income Taxes

The School District has a 0.5 percent income tax levy that is collected on earned income. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax receipts are credited to the general fund.

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. In October 1981, the School District joined together with thirteen other School Districts in two counties to form the Huron-Erie School Employees Insurance Association (HESEIA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program. The School District pays an annual premium to the pool for its general insurance coverage. The risk of loss transfers entirely from the School District to HESEIA. The Agreement for Formation of the HESEIA provides that the HESEIA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial coverage for claims in excess of \$200,000 pooling level per year. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Also, covered claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three years.

B. Workers' Compensation

The School District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (Program), an insurance purchasing pool. The Program's business and affairs are conducted by a three member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Program to cover the costs of administering the program.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The intent of the Program is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Program. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Program. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the Program rather than its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the Program. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "Equity Pooling Fund."

This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the Program. Participation in the Program is limited to school districts that can meet the Program's selection criteria. The firm of Comp Management provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the Program.

NOTE 8 – OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave components are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn 10 to 25 days of vacation per year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees upon termination of employment. Teachers and administrators do not earn vacation time, with the exception of the Superintendent, Treasurer, Assistant Superintendent, Director of Support Services, Food Service Director and High School Principal.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Accumulation of sick leave is unlimited for all groups. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of their accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 85 days. Certified and classified employees earn ½ day irrevocable severance if they don't use their 2 days of personal leave in any given year. In addition, classified employees may earn an additional 1-2 days of irrevocable severance days if only 0-6 days of sick leave are used within a year. The accumulated irrevocable severance is paid to employees upon termination of employment.

NOTE 9 – PENSION PLANS

Net Pension Liability

For fiscal year 2015, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 were effective. These GASB pronouncements had no effect on beginning net position as reported June 30, 2014, as the net pension liability is not reported in the accompanying financial statements. The net pension liability has been disclosed below.

Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or before	Eligible to Retire on or after
	August 1, 2017*	August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
		Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or
Benefits	Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*}Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$502,770 for fiscal year 2015.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,605,558 for fiscal year 2015.

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share:

	 STRS SERS		Total		
Proportionate Share of the Net	 <u>.</u>		_		_
Pension Liability	\$ 27,682,604	\$	5,171,727	\$	32,854,331
Proportion of the Net Pension					
Liability	0.1138103%		0.1021890%		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Asset Class	TargetAllocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00 9	6 0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Č		
	100.00	6

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current						
	1% Decrease (6.75%)		Discount Rate (7.75%)		1% Increase (8.75%)		
School District's proportionate share		(61.670)	-	(111010)		(0.7070)	
of the net pension liability	\$	7,378,518	\$	5,171,727	\$	3,315,626	

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increase	2.75 percent at 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year, for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund the service costs of future plan members and their beneficiaries, as well as projected contributions from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current						
	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1	% Increase	
	(6.75%)		(7.75%)			(8.75%)	
School District's proportionate share							
of the net pension liability	\$	39,630,665	\$	27,682,604	\$	17,578,564	

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

The School District's contributions for health care (including surcharge) for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$83,494, \$55,590 and \$52,017, respectively; 85 percent has been contributed for fiscal year 2015 and 100 percent for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

B. State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description - The School District contributes to the cost sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan (the "Plan") administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS Ohio) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS Ohio. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the financial report of STRS. Interested parties can view the most recent Comprehensive Annual Financial Report by visiting www.strsoh.org or by requesting a copy by calling toll-free (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$125,252, and \$119,238, respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013.

NOTE 11 - LONG - TERM OBLIGATIONS

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Balance			Balance	Amounts Due in
	6/30/2014	Additions	Reductions	6/30/2015	One Year
Governmental Activities: General Obligation Bonds: 1999 High School Serial Bonds					
\$6,369,891 at 3.0% - 4.7% 2006 Refunding Bonds Serial Bonds \$9,145,000	\$ 725,000	\$ 0	\$ 585,000	\$ 140,000	\$ 140,000
at 3.5% - 4.1%	8,525,000	0	80,000	8,445,000	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds	354,989	0	0	354,989	167,938
Accretion of Interest	630,056	128,358	0	758,414	358,793
Total Governmental Activities	\$10,235,045	\$ 128,358	\$ 665,000	\$ 9,698,403	\$ 666,731

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

1999 Additions/Facilities

On March 1, 1999, the School District issued general obligation bonds for the construction of a new high school. The bond issue consisted of serial and capital appreciation bonds. Only the serial bonds remain outstanding at year-end. These bonds are not subject to early redemption. The serial bonds mature in December 2015.

2006 School Improvement Refunding Bonds

On February 1, 2006, the School District issued \$9,499,989 refunding general obligation bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to refund \$9,499,989 of the School District's outstanding Capital Improvement Bonds. The bonds were issued for a 20 year period with final maturity at December 1, 2026. At the date of the refunding, \$9,818,075 (including premium and after underwriting fees) was deposited in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased. The defeased bonds were optionally redeemed on December 1, 2009.

The issuance resulted in a difference between the cash flows required to service the old debt and the cash flows required to service the new debt of \$1,085,728. The issuance resulted in an economic gain of \$734,114.

The bond issue consists of serial and capital appreciation bonds. These bonds are not subject to early redemption.

The capital appreciation bonds mature December 1, 2015 and 2016. These bonds were purchased at a substantial discount at the time of issuance. At maturity all compounded interest is paid and the bond holder receives the face value of the bond. As the value of the bond increases, the accretion is reflected as principal liability. The maturity amount of the bonds is \$1,265,000.

General obligation bonds will be paid from the bond retirement fund.

Principal and interest requirements to retire general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

					То	otal
Fiscal Year	Serial	Bonds	Capital Appreciation Bonds			Accretion/
Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Accretion	Principal	Interest
2016	\$ 140,000	\$ 341,311	\$ 167,938	\$ 392,062	\$ 307,938	\$ 733,373
2017	0	337,986	187,051	517,949	187,051	855,935
2018	705,000	323,886	0	0	705,000	323,886
2019	730,000	295,185	0	0	730,000	295,185
2020	760,000	365,384	0	0	760,000	365,384
2021 - 2025	4,285,000	839,296	0	0	4,285,000	839,296
2026 - 2028	1,965,000	81,006	0	0	1,965,000	81,006
Total	\$ 8,585,000	\$ 2,584,054	\$ 354,989	\$ 910,011	\$ 8,939,989	\$ 3,494,065

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 12 - JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

A. Bay Area Council of Governments (BACG)

The BACG is a jointly governed organization. Members of the BACG consist of twenty-six districts representing seven counties (Ottawa, Sandusky, Seneca, Erie, Huron, Wood and Crawford). The BACG was formed for the purpose of purchasing goods and services at a lower cost. The item currently being purchased through the council of governments is natural gas. The only cost to the School District is an administrative charge if they participate in purchasing through the BACG. The BACG consists of the superintendent of each district. The Board of Directors of the BACG consists of one elected representative from each county, the superintendent of the fiscal agent and two non-voting members (administrator and fiscal agent.)

Members of the Board serve two year terms that are staggered. Financial information can be obtained by contacting Betty Schwiefert, who serves as fiscal agent, at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870. The School District did not pay any fees to BACG during fiscal year 2015.

B. Northern Ohio Educational Computer Association (NOECA)

NOECA is a jointly governed organization among 41 districts, formed for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to the administrative and instructional functions among member districts. Each of the governments of these schools supports NOECA based upon a per pupil charge dependent upon the software package utilized. In the event of dissolution of the organization, all current members will share in net obligations or asset liquidation's in a ratio proportionate to their last twelve months' financial contributions. NOECA is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of superintendents of the member districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating district is limited to its representation on the Board. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, the School District does not have an equity interest in NOECA because the residual interest in the net resources of a joint venture upon dissolution is not equivalent to an equity interest. The School District paid \$11,206 to NOECA during fiscal year 2015. Financial information can be obtained by contacting NOECA at 2900 South Columbus Avenue, Sandusky, Ohio 44870.

NOTE 13 – RELATED ORGANIZATION

Norwalk Public Library

The School District is not involved in budgeting or management of the Norwalk Public Library facilities, nor does it subsidize or finance the operation of the library. The selection of directors and budget approval is conducted merely to comply with state code requirements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 14 – CONTINGENCIES AND SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, the effect of any such disallowed claims on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015, if applicable, cannot be determined at this time.

B. Litigation

The School District is not party to any claims or lawsuits that would, in the School District's opinion, have a material effect of the basic financial statements.

C. Encumbrance Commitments

Outstanding encumbrances for governmental funds include \$236,252 for the general fund and \$118,873 in nonmajor governmental funds.

D. School District Funding

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the school districts, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the School District; therefore, the financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 - SET-ASIDES

Substitute House Bill 412, as amended, required the School District to "set aside" certain percentages of defined revenues for capital improvement and maintenance expenditures. As of April 10, 2001, any money on hand in a School District's budget reserve set-aside account may at the discretion of the Board be returned to the School District's general fund or may be left in the account and used by the Board to offset any budget deficit the School District may experience in future years. The amendment places special conditions on any refunds or rebates from the Bureau of Workers' Compensation. These monies are to be used to offset a budget deficit for school facility construction, renovation or repair, for the textbooks or instructional materials; for purchase of school buses; or for teachers' professional development. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the reserve activity (cash basis) was as follows:

	Budget	Capital	
	Stabilization	Improvement	Totals
Set Aside Balance as of June 30, 2014	\$ 642,743	\$ 563,736	\$1,206,479
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	0	496,904	496,904
Current Year Qualifying Disbursements	0	(352,451)	(352,451)
Prior Year Offset from Bond Proceeds	0	(708,189)	(708,189)
Total	\$ 642,743	\$ 0	\$ 642,743
Balance Carried Forward to FY 2016	\$ 642,743	\$ 0	\$ 642,743

The School District had qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year and prior year offsets from bond proceeds that reduced the set-aside amount to zero for the capital acquisition set-aside. The School District has prior year bond proceeds in connection with a school facilities project that may be carried forward to offset future set-aside requirements. The remaining balance of these bond proceeds as of June 30, 2015 is \$15,302,416.

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 16 – FUND BALANCE

Fund balance can be classified as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in governmental funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other funds are presented as follows:

			Other					
			Bond	l	Governm	nental		
	Ge	neral	Retirem	ent	Funds			Total
Nonspendable for:								
Unclaimed Funds	\$	9,346	\$	0	\$	0	\$	9,346
Restricted for:								
Debt Service		0	1,479,3	396		0		1,479,396
Capital Outlay		0		0	801	,007		801,007
Food Service		0		0	33	,431		33,431
Extracurricular Activities		0		0	153	,351		153,351
Local Grants		0		0	79	,474		79,474
State Programs		0		0	30	,565		30,565
Total Restricted		0	1,479,3	396	1,097	,828		2,577,224
Committed for:								
Wellness Fund		17,774		0		0		17,774
Assigned for:								
Encumbrances:								
Instruction	1	05,720		0		0		105,720
Support Services	1	28,552		0		0		128,552
Extracurricular Activities		1,980		0		0		1,980
Subsequent Year Appropriations		2,891		0		0		2,891
Total Assigned	2	39,143		0		0		239,143
Unassigned	4,3	33,316		0				4,333,316
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$4,5	99,579	\$1,479,3	396	\$1,097	,828	\$	7,176,803

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 17 – CHANGES IN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE/NET POSITION

A. Change in Basis of Accounting

For fiscal year 2015, the School District ceased to report using generally accepted accounting principles and reported on the modified cash basis as described in Note 2.

B. Restatement of Fund Equity

The implementation of this change had the following effects on fund equity of the major and nonmajor funds of the School District as they were previously reported. The effect on net position of governmental activities is also presented.

			All Other	
	General	Bond Retirement		
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Fund Balances, June 30,2014	\$ 3,603,892	\$ 1,590,234	\$ 1,522,534	\$ 6,716,660
Eliminate:				
Fair Market Value Adjustment for Investments	1,311	0	0	1,311
Taxes Receivable	(7,157,159)	(1,080,378)	(464,584)	(8,702,121)
Income Taxes Receivable	(784,928)	0	0	(784,928)
Intergovernmental Receivable	(55,109)	0	(39,842)	(94,951)
Accounts Payable	19,971	0	25,745	45,716
Accrued Wages and Benefits	1,837,272	0	84,994	1,922,266
Intergovernmental Payable	528,156	0	37,637	565,793
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	65,330	0	0	65,330
Deferred Inflows-Property Taxes	6,025,190	907,403	389,228	7,321,821
Unavailable Revenue	449,402	48,062	46,510	543,974
Adjusted Fund Balances, July 1, 2014	\$ 4,533,328	\$ 1,465,321	\$ 1,602,222	\$ 7,600,871

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Governmental Activities	
Net Position, June 30, 2014	\$	16,817,570	
Eliminate Financial Statement Adjustments:			
Fair Market Value Adjustment for Investments		1,311	
Taxes Receivable		(8,702,121)	
Accounts Receivable			
Intergovernmental Receivable		(94,951)	
Income Tax Receivable		(784,928)	
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets		(2,178,532)	
Depreciable Capital Assets		(20,098,722)	
Deferred Charges on Refunding		(196,910)	
Accounts Payable		45,716	
Accrued Wages and Benefits		1,922,266	
Matured Compensated Absences Payable		65,330	
Intergovernmental Payable		565,793	
Accrued Interest Payable		31,251	
Deferred Inflows - Property Taxes		7,321,821	
Due within one year		995,477	
Due in more than one year		11,890,500	
Adjusted Net Position, July 1, 2014	\$	7,600,871	

NOTE 18 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On September 3, 2015, the School District issued \$8,390,000 in general obligations bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used for the purpose of currently refunding a portion of the School District's \$9,449,989 Advanced Refunding Bonds, Series 2006.

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January 26, 2016

To the Board of Education Norwalk City School District Huron County, Ohio 134 Benedict Avenue Norwalk, OH 44857

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Norwalk City School District, Huron County, Ohio (the School District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2016, wherein we noted the School District elected to change its financial presentation to a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles and adopted new accounting guidance in GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

As part of our financial statement audit, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances to the extent necessary to support our opinion on the financial statements, but not to the extent necessary to opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we have not opined on it.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and timely correct misstatements. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of internal control deficiencies resulting in a reasonable possibility that internal control will not prevent or detect and timely correct a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all internal control deficiencies that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, unidentified material weaknesses may exist.

Norwalk City School District Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by *Government Auditing Standards* Page 2 of 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of reasonably assuring whether the School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we tested its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could directly and materially affect the determination of financial statement amounts. However, opining on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters we must report under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2015-001.

School District's Response to Findings

The School District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

This report only describes the scope of our internal control and compliance testing and our testing results, and does not opine on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed under *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Medina, Ohio

Kea & Chrociater, Inc.



January 26, 2016

To the Board of Education Norwalk City School District Huron County, Ohio 134 Benedict Avenue Norwalk, Ohio 44857

> Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Norwalk City School District's, Huron County, Ohio (the School District) compliance with the applicable requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133, Compliance Supplement that could directly and materially affect each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Summary of Auditor's Results in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs identifies the School District's major federal programs.

Management's Responsibility

The School District's Management is responsible for complying with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on the School District's compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. Our compliance audit followed auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards for financial audits included in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. These standards and OMB Circular A-133 require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure whether noncompliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe our audit provides a reasonable basis for our compliance opinion on the School District's major programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Norwalk City School District Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by OMB Circular A-133 Page 2 of 2

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects with the compliance requirements referred to above that could directly and materially affect each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

The School District's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the applicable compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our compliance audit, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the applicable requirements that could directly and materially affect a major federal program, to determine our auditing procedures appropriate for opining on each major federal program's compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we have not opined on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, when performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or to timely detect and correct, noncompliance with a federal program's applicable compliance requirement. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a federal program compliance requirement will not be prevented, or timely detected and corrected. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with federal program's applicable compliance requirement that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This report only describes the scope of our internal control over compliance tests and the results of this testing based on OMB Circular A-133 requirements. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Medina, Ohio

Kea & Cassociates, Inc.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	CFDA Number	Grant Year	Federal Disbursements
U. S. Department of Education (Passed through the Ohio Department of Education):			
Adult Basic Literacy Education	84.002	2014	\$ 14,830
Title I Grants to LEAs	84.010	2015	543,372
Special Education Cluster:			
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	2014	1,020
Special Education - Grants to States	84.027	2015	665,779
Total Special Education - Grants to States			666,799
Special Education - Preschool Grants	84.173	2015	25,397
Total Special Education - Preschool Grants			25,397
Total Special Education Cluster			692,196
Title III - English Language Acquisition	84.365	2015	9,423
Title II-A - Teacher Quality Partnership	84.336	2015	88,898
Total U.S. Department of Education			1,348,719
U. S. Department of Agriculture (Passed Through Ohio Department of Education):			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Non-Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2015	85,725
Cash Assistance:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	2015	85,588
National School Lunch Program	10.555	2015	547,921
Cash Assistance Subtotal			633,509
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			719,234
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			719,234
Total Federal Assistance			\$ 2,067,953

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Note A – Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is a summary of the activity of the School District's federal award programs. The schedule has been prepared on the cash basis of accounting. Consequently, certain revenues are recognized when received rather than when earned and certain expenditures are recognized when paid rather than when the obligation is incurred.

Note B – Child Nutrition Cluster

Federal money is commingled with state subsidy reimbursements. It is assumed federal moneys are expended first.

Note C – Food Donation Program

Program regulations do not require the School District to maintain separate inventory records for purchased food and food received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture. This non-monetary assistance and related expenditures are reported in this schedule at the value of the commodities received as assessed by the U.S. Department of Agriculture (entitlement value).

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs OMB Circular A-133, Section .505 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d) (1) (i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any material control weakness conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (ii)	Were there any other significant deficiency conditions reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d) (1) (iii)	Was there any reported material non- compliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	Yes
(d) (1) (iv)	Was there any material internal control weakness conditions reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (iv)	Were there any other significant deficiencies reported for major federal programs?	No
(d) (1) (v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d) (1) (vi)	Are there any reportable findings under Section .510?	No
(d) (1) (vii)	Major Programs (list): Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program	CFDA #10.553 #10.555
(d) (1) (viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A/B Programs	Type A: > \$300,000 Type B: All others
(d) (1) (ix)	Low Risk Auditee?	Yes

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (continued)
OMB Circular A-133, Section .505
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

Finding Number: 2015-001

Material Noncompliance

Criteria: Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03(B) requires the School District to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Condition Found: For fiscal year 2015, the School District prepared its financial statements and notes on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Cause: The Board of Education elected to discontinue preparing its financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The decision on whether or not to comply will be revisited annually and reviewed in conjunction with recommendation of the Treasurer.

Effect: The accompanying basic financial statements omit assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equities, and disclosures that, while material, cannot be determined at this time. In addition, required supplementary information (RSI), including the Schedule of School District Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of School District Contributions, were omitted from the basic financial statements.

Recommendations: The School District should implement procedures to prepare its annual financial report in accordance with GAAP to comply with Ohio Admin. Code Section 117-2-03(B).

Management's Response/Corrective Action: No corrective action will be implemented. The District plans to continue reporting on the cash basis of accounting due to the cost requirement of preparing these financial statements according to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

Norwalk City School District Huron County, Ohio Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Finding Number	Finding Summary	Fully Corrected?	Corrected, Significantly Different Corrective Action Taken or Finding No Longer Valid Explain
2014-001	Noncompliance with ORC 5705.41 (D)	Yes	Corrected